DISCRETIONARY APPROPRIATIONS FOR FISCAL YEAR 1997—COMPARISON OF CURRENT LEVEL WITH SUBALLOCATIONS PURSUANT TO BUDGET ACT SECTION 602(b)

	Revised 602(b) suballocations (Sept. 27, 1996)			Current level reflecting action completed as of Mar. 25, 1997			Difference					
	General purpose		Violent crime		General purpose		Violent crime -		General purpose		Violent crime	
	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0	BA	0
Agriculture Rural Development	12,960	13,380	0	0	13,009	13,373	0	0	49	-7	0	0
Commerce, Justice, State	24,493	24,939	4,525	2,951	24,838	25,065	4,526	2,954	345	126	1	3
Defense	245,085	243,372	0	0	243,851	242,887	0	0	− 1,214	-485	0	0
District of Columbia	719	719	0	0	719	719	0	0	0	0	0	0
Energy & Water Development	19,421	19,652	0	0	19,973	19,923	0	0	552	271	0	0
Foreign Operations	11,950	13,311	0	0	12,267	13,310	0	0	317	-1	0	0
Interior	12,118	12,920	0	0	12,503	13,178	0	0	385	258	0	0
Labor, HHS & Education	65,625	69,602	61	38	71,026	71,517	61	39	5,401	1,915	0	1
Legislative Branch	2,180	2,148	0	0	2,170	2,132	0	0	- 10	- 16	0	0
Military Construction	9,983	10,360	0	0	9,982	10,344	0	0	-1	-16	0	0
Transportation	12,190	35,453	0	0	12,080	35,519	0	0	- 110	66	0	0
Treasury-Postal Service	11,016	10,971	97	84	11,620	11,292	97	83	604	321	0	-1
VA-HUD-Independent Agencies	64,354	78,803	0	0	64,522	79,196	0	0	168	393	0	0
Reserve/Offsets	768	219	0	0	-2,750	-5,850	0	0	-3,518	-6,069	0	0
Grand total	492,842	535,849	4,683	3,073	495,810	532,605	4,684	3,076	2,968	- 3,244	1	3

Note: Amounts in Current Level column for Reserve/Offsets are for Spectrum sales and BIF/SAIF. Those items are credited to the Appropriations Committee for FY 1997 only

U.S. CONGRESS

CONGRESSIONAL BUDGET OFFICE, Washington, DC, April 10, 1997. Hon. JOHN KASICH,

Chairman, Committee on the Budget, House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. CHAIRMAN: Pursuant to section 308(b) and in aid of section 311 of the Congressional Budget Act, as amended, this leter and supporting detail provide an up-to-date tabulation of the on-budget current levels of new budget authority, estimated outlays, and estimated revenues for fiscal year 1997. These estimates are compared to the appropriate levels for those items contained in the 1997 Concurrent Resolution on the Budget (H. Con. Res. 178) and are current through February 28, 1997. A summary of this tabulation follows:

[In millions of dollars]

	House cur- rent level	Budget reso- lution (H. Con. Res. 178)	Current level +/ - resolu- tion
Budget authority Outlays	1,331,836 1,323,900	1,314,935 1,311,321	+16,901 +12,579
Revenues: 1997 1997–2001	1,104,262 5,975,917	1,083,728 5,913,303	+20,534 +62,614

Since my last report, dated March 4, 1997, there has been no action to change the current level of budget authority, outlays, or revenues.

Sincerely,

JUNE E. O'NEILL, Director.

PARLIAMENTARIAN STATUS REPORT-105TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION, HOUSE ON-BUDGET SUPPORTING DETAIL FOR FISCAL YEAR 1997, AS OF CLOSE OF BUSINESS APRIL 9, 1997

[In millions of dollars]

	Budget authority	Outlays	Revenues
PREVIOUSLY ENACTED			
			1,101,533
Permanents and other spending leg- islation	855,751	814,110	
Appropriation legislationOffsetting receipts	753,927 271,843	788,263 - 271,843	
Total previously enacted ENACTED THIS SESSION	1,337,835	1,330,530	1,101,533
Airport and Airway Trust Fund Tax Reinstatement Act of 1997 (H.R.			2.720
668) APPROPRIATED ENTITLEMENT AND MANDATORIES			2,730
Budget resolution baseline estimates of appropriated entitlements and other mandatory programs not yet			
enacted	- 5,999	-6,630	
TOTALS			
Total Current Level Total Budget Resolution	1,331,836 1,314,935	1,323,900 1,311,321	1,104,262 1,083,728

PARLIAMENTARIAN STATUS REPORT-105TH CONGRESS, 1ST SESSION, HOUSE ON-BUDGET SUPPORTING DETAIL FOR FISCAL YEAR 1997, AS OF CLOSE OF BUSINESS APRIL 9, 1997—Continued

[In millions of dollars]

	Budget authority	Outlays	Revenues
Amount remaining: Under Budget Resolution Over Budget Resolution	16,901	12,579	20,534
ADDENDUM			
Emergencies: Funding that has been designated as an emergency requirement by the President and the Congress. Funding that has been designated as an emergency requirement only by the Congress and is not available for obligation until requested by the President.	1,806	,	
Total amarganeias	2 120	1 522	
Total emergencies	2,129	1,533	
Total current level including emergencies	1,333,965	1,325,433	1,104,262

RECOGNIZE CUSTOMS AND INS IN-SPECTORS AS LAW ENFORCE-MENT OFFICERS

The SPEAKER pro tempore. Under a previous order of the House, the gentleman from California [Mr. FILNER] is recognized for 5 minutes.

Mr. FILNER. Mr. Speaker, I rise today to honor the work of the officers and inspectors of the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service and the U.S. Customs Service and ask that they be accorded full Federal law enforcement status as outlined in H.R. 1215, which I recently introduced.

My bill will finally grant the same status to U.S. INS and Customs inspectors as all other Federal law enforcement officers and firefighters. It is in the public's interest to end the unfair, unsafe and expensive practice of excluding the inspectors from the law enforcement category. Because of the current lopsided law, INS and Customs lose vigorous, trained professionals to other law enforcement agencies. These agencies also lose millions of dollars in training costs and revenues that experienced inspectors help to generate.

Customs and Immigration inspectors are law enforcement officers. They carry firearms and are the country's

first line of defense against terrorism and the smuggling of drugs at our borders. In my district, 200,000 people a day cross through the San Ysidro port of entry, making it the busiest port of entry and border crossing in the world. These inspectors face dangerous felons daily and disarm people carrying sawed-off shotguns, switch blade knives, and handguns. They have been run over by cars and have had shootouts with drug smugglers.

Just last week in Calexico, Customs inspectors Robert Labrada, Jr. and Nicholas Lira were shot by a man that they escorted to an inspection area reserved for those suspected of carrying illegal weapons or drugs. Before they had a chance to search him, the man pulled out a semiautomatic handgun and shot one inspector in the face and the other in the chest. The inspectors fired back to protect themselves. Both inspectors are now recovering from surgery, but they are lucky. Other Customs and INS inspectors have been killed in the line of duty, and their names are listed on the wall of the Law Enforcement Officers Memorial.

The shoot-out at Calexico last Friday is not an isolated incident. The callous, single-minded ruthlessness of drug smugglers put Customs and Immigration inspectors' lives at risk every single day.

One INS inspector at the San Ysidro port, Paul Cannon, has had to draw his service revolver four times in the last four years. In a recent case a criminal was trying to break through the inspection gates. Even at gunpoint, it took four inspectors to disarm and subdue him

Yet the Federal Government does not classify these employees as law enforcement officers. United States Immigration and Customs inspectors daily put their lives on the line. It is time that we value those lives. I urge support of H.R. 1215 to correct the unequal treatment of these Federal law enforcement officers.